ANNEX IV

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Quintet Luxembourg – Discretionary Management Mandate Defensive

Legal entity identifier: 222100SQPO565SLYHP38

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.



Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes × No It made sustainable It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) X characteristics and investments with an while it did not have as its objective a environmental objective: % sustainable investment, it had a proportion of in economic activities that 33.57% of sustainable investments qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic sustainable under the EU Taxonomy activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do with an environmental objective in not qualify as environmentally Х economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective Х It made sustainable investments It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The following environmental and social characteristics were promoted by the Financial product during the reporting period:

- Adherence of investee companies to internationally recognised standards related to human rights, labour rights, the environment, and anti-corruption.
- Limiting the significant negative impact related to the use of controversial weapons.

To do this, the Financial product applied the following binding elements as defined in the investment process:

- 1. For investments in a single asset class:
 - a. The exclusion criteria applied to all investments.
 - b. All investments in companies had to comply with the principles of the United

Nations Global Compact.

- 2. For investments in funds:
 - a. They had to achieve a minimum score in the sustainability due diligence process in order to be invested by the Financial product, based on the assessment of the five pillars of the sustainability due diligence process (intentionality, portfolio characteristics, research, active ownership and transparency).
 - b. Funds were also required to have an active shareholding policy with respect to investments in companies, where possible and practicable, namely voting activities and engagement practices for shares, and engagement practices for corporate bonds.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The Financial product used the following sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of each environmental or social characteristic promoted by the Financial product:

- Investee companies that are non-compliant with the United Nations Global Compact Principles: 0.14%.
- Involvement of investee companies in controversial weapons: 0.01%

These sustainability indicators were measured as a percentage of investments of the Financial product. They have not been subject to assurance provided by an external auditor or reviewed by a third party. The above information are based on the Financial product's investments as of 31 December 2024. At the time of creation of this document, it was not known whether this information should be calculated based on the holdings at the end of the reference period only or or on multiple dates of the period. Depending on any future regulatory guidance, more measurement dates may be used for calculations in the reporting of subsequent reference periods.

...and compared to previous periods?

Sustainability indicator	2023	2024
Investee companies that are non-comliant with the United Nations Global Compact Principles	0.01% %	0.14 %
Involvement of investee companies in controversial weapons	0.08 %	0.01%

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. The objective of the sustainable investments made by the Financial product was to contribute to the transition to a more sustainable economy by investing in issuers or projects whose substantial economic activities contributed to that transition, without doing significant harm in other areas. This is linked to various environmental and social objectives including, but not limited to, at least one of the following areas:

- Climate action (Environmental)
- Healthy ecosystems (Environmental)Healthy ecosystems (Environmental)
- Resource protection (Environmental)
- Providing access to basic needs (Social)
- Human capital development (Social)

The financial product only invested in third party funds after completion of a fund sustainability due diligence assessment. This further included assessing whether the sustainable investment objectives of the third party funds are aligned with the sustainable investment objectives of Quintet's sustainable investment framework.

The financial product didn't make sustainable investments that contributed to any of the environmental objectives as defined and set out in Article 9 of the EU Taxonomy Regulation.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

Single line investments needed to meet the criteria related to significant harm in order to qualify as a sustainable investment. These criteria were: meeting specific thresholds related to adverse impacts and operating in line with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.

Where sustainable investments were made via funds, these funds needed to have policies in place related to their own research and investment process to ensure there is no significant harm, at least by considering adverse impacts and by such investments being aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.

_ How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

For single line sustainable investments, the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors were taken into account to ensure sustainable investments did not cause significant harm to any environmental and social objectives. Specific thresholds were set for corporate Principal Adverse Impacts (PAIs) (from Annex I of the SFDR Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288) that were considered relevant to assess significant harm, and for which sufficient robust data or proxies were available. Investments stayed below these thresholds and therefore did not cause no significant harm.

Where sustainable investments were made via funds, these funds needed to have a formal commitment to considering adverse impacts as part of their research and

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters. investment process related to sustainable investments, and had to have policies for this.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The sustainable investments were aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.

For single line investments, to ensure alignment with the UN Guiding Principles and OECD Guidelines, research of a specialised external research provider was used. This research provides an opinion on whether a company is violating or at risk of violating one or more of the UN Global Compact principles and the related chapters in the OECD Guidelines and related UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. When a company was assessed to be in violation, this was considered as significant harm and such investments were therefore not considered sustainable investments.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Where the Financial product has invested in other funds, such funds were expected to structurally consider and apply the abovementioned guidelines in the investment process, in any case for those investments that the fund considered to be sustainable investments.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The financial product considered the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors via a combination of methods. Through the financial products exclusions a range of adverse impacts were avoided in advance by the financial product as the exclusion criteria relate to areas for which the adverse impacts are deemed too high to be suitable for investment by this financial product.

Furthermore, for investments that the financial product did make, the financial product had further migitated adverse impacts via structured engagements with issuers (where possible and feasible), and voting (where possible and feasible).

Finally, where the financial product has invested in funds, these were funds that, where possible and feasible, had a formal policy on how they address principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors.

While all indicators referred to in Table 1 of Annex I of the Regulatory Technical Standards (RTS) of the regulation are directly or indirectly influenced through the different methods and criteria that Quintet applies, the indicators that are most explicitly embedded in Quintet's Responsible Investment Policy are:

- PAI indicator 4 (companies active in the fossil fuel sector) through the exclusion of single lines related to companies that derive more than 10% of revenue from thermal coal extraction or power generation.
- PAI indicator 10 (violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises) through the exclusion of single lines related to companies that are considered to be in violation thereof. Kredietrust's engagements also give attention to the companies that are deemed to be in violation.
- PAI 14 (involvement in controversial weapons) through the exclusion of single lines related to company involvement in controversial weapons.

For more information on how the Financial product has managed negative impacts via voting and engagement, please refer to <u>Quintet's</u> Active Ownership Report.

What were the top investments of this financial product?

	Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
	iShares € Govt Bond 1-3yr ETF		15.00%	
				r
				e
				a
		Not applicable		n d
	OMM Clb IC Com Bd	Not applicable	10.00%	
	QMM Glb IG Corp Bd		10.00%	l r
				e
				l
				а
				n
		Not applicable		d
1	Vanguard Eurozone Govt Bond ETF		8.50%	1
I			010070	r
				e
				1
				а
				n
		Not applicable		d
	Goldman Sachs Sovereign Green Bond		7.50%	L
I	-			u
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				e
				m
				b
				0
				u
		Notannliashla		r ~
1		Not applicable		g
	BlackRock ICS Euro Liquid Environmentally Aware		7.00%	
				r
				e
				 2
		Not applicable		a n

AMUNDI MSCI USA ESG CLIMATE NET ZERO		4.50%	d I r e I
QMM US Equity	Multiple sectors	4.50%	a n d r e l
QMM Glb HY Corp	Multiple sectors	4.00%	a n l r e l a
QMM US Equity	Multiple sectors	4.00%	n d L u x e m b o
QMM Cont Euro Eq	Multiple sectors	4.00%	u r g l r e l a
Invesco US Treasury Bond UCITS ETF	Multiple sectors	3.00%	n d r e l a
iShares € Corp Bond ESG ETF	Not applicable	3.00%	n d r e l a
Royal Mint Physical Gold ETC	Multiple sectors Not applicable	3.00%	n d U n i t e d K i n
GS EM Enhanced Index Sustainable Equity Fund	Multiple sectors	2.50%	g d u u x e m b o u

			r			
			g			
UBS ETF Sustainable Development Bank Bonds		2.50%	L			
			u			
			Х		The	
			е		The	
			m	informa	tion in	
			b o	the	table	
			u			
			r	above	is	
	Multiple sectors		g	based	on	
	·		U	average	data	
calculated on the basis of the Einancial (product's positions	at the or	d of	aach aua	rtor of	

calculated on the basis of the Financial product's positions at the end of each quarter of 2024.

The list includes the investments constituting **the** greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 01 January – 31 December 2024 I



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

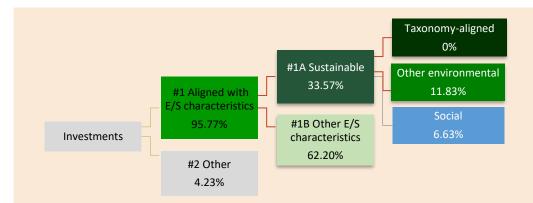
The proportion of sustainability-related investments of the Financial product was 33.57%.

Where investments were made in funds, the percentages of sustainable investments and its subcategories, "Taxonomy-aligned", "Other environmental" and "Social" disclosed by these funds were used in the calculations. The disclosed sustainable investment percentages of third party funds were only used when it was assessed that the sustainable investment objectives of the third party funds are aligned with the sustainable investment objectives of Quintet's sustainable investment framework. Where such disclosures were not yet available at the time this document was created, the minimum commitment that these funds disclosed in their pre-contractual disclosures was used as a conservative estimation to calculate the Financial product's asset allocation percentages. Where funds did not disclose any minimum commitments a percentage of 0 was assumed for the respective categories. Since for some funds the only information available was on the percentage of overall sustainable investments but not on its sub-categories, the sum of the sub-categories is lower than the percentage of overall sustainable investments.

The information in this section is based on the Financial product's investments, measured at their Net Asset Value in euros, as at 31 December 2024. At the time of creation of this document, it was not known whether this information should be calculated based on the holdings at the end of the reference period only or or on multiple dates of the period. Depending on any future regulatory guidance, more measurement dates may be used for calculations in the reporting of subsequent reference periods.

What was the asset allocation?

95.77% of investments were aligned with the environmental and social characteristics of the Financial product. The remaining portion of investments were related to ancillary cash. They also included funds held for diversification purposes (including ETCs and ETFs) that were not aligned with the environmental and social characteristics of the Financial product.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

healthcare equipment & servicesMedical Devices0.869capital goodsTrading and Distribution0.279software & servicesEnterprise and Infrastructure Software2.479banksRegional Banks1.439capital goodsBuilding Products0.399transportationAirlines0.089capital goodsElectrical Equipment0.489technology hardware & equipmentElectronic Components0.149consumer servicesRestaurants0.259capital goodsNon-Residential Construction0.139telecommunication servicesTelecommunication Services1.639semiconductors & semiconductor equipmentSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	Industry	SubIndustry	Investment (%)
capital goodsTrading and Distribution0.279software & servicesEnterprise and Infrastructure Software2.479banksRegional Banks1.439capital goodsBuilding Products0.399transportationAirlines0.089capital goodsElectrical Equipment0.489technology hardware & equipmentElectronic Components0.149consumer servicesRestaurants0.259capital goodsNon-Residential Construction0.139telecommunication servicesTelecommunication Services1.639semiconductors & semiconductor equipmentSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	healthcare equipment & services	Medical Distribution	0.04%
software & servicesEnterprise and Infrastructure Software2.479banksRegional Banks1.439capital goodsBuilding Products0.399transportationAirlines0.089capital goodsElectrical Equipment0.489technology hardware & equipmentElectronic Components0.149consumer servicesRestaurants0.259capital goodsNon-Residential Construction0.139telecommunication servicesTelecommunication Services1.639semiconductors & semiconductorSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	healthcare equipment & services	Medical Devices	0.86%
banksRegional Banks1.439capital goodsBuilding Products0.399transportationAirlines0.089capital goodsElectrical Equipment0.489technology hardware & equipmentElectronic Components0.149consumer servicesRestaurants0.259capital goodsNon-Residential Construction0.139telecommunication servicesTelecommunication Services1.639semiconductors & semiconductorSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	capital goods	Trading and Distribution	0.27%
capital goodsBuilding Products0.399transportationAirlines0.089capital goodsElectrical Equipment0.489technology hardware & equipmentElectronic Components0.149consumer servicesRestaurants0.259capital goodsNon-Residential Construction0.139telecommunication servicesTelecommunication Services1.639semiconductors & semiconductorSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	software & services	Enterprise and Infrastructure Software	2.47%
transportationAirlines0.089capital goodsElectrical Equipment0.489technology hardware & equipmentElectronic Components0.149consumer servicesRestaurants0.259capital goodsNon-Residential Construction0.139telecommunication servicesTelecommunication Services1.639semiconductors & semiconductor equipmentSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	banks	Regional Banks	1.43%
capital goodsElectrical Equipment0.489technology hardware & equipmentElectronic Components0.149consumer servicesRestaurants0.259capital goodsNon-Residential Construction0.139telecommunication servicesTelecommunication Services1.639semiconductors & semiconductor equipmentSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	capital goods	Building Products	0.39%
technology hardware & equipmentElectronic Components0.149consumer servicesRestaurants0.259capital goodsNon-Residential Construction0.139telecommunication servicesTelecommunication Services1.639semiconductors & semiconductor equipmentSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	transportation	Airlines	0.08%
consumer servicesRestaurants0.259capital goodsNon-Residential Construction0.139telecommunication servicesTelecommunication Services1.639semiconductors & semiconductor equipmentSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	capital goods	Electrical Equipment	0.48%
capital goodsNon-Residential Construction0.139telecommunication servicesTelecommunication Services1.639semiconductors & semiconductor equipmentSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	technology hardware & equipment	Electronic Components	0.14%
telecommunication servicesTelecommunication Services1.639semiconductors & semiconductor equipmentSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	consumer services	Restaurants	0.25%
semiconductors & semiconductor equipmentSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	capital goods	Non-Residential Construction	0.13%
equipmentSemiconductor Design and Manufacturing1.929software & servicesInternet Software and Services1.659capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	telecommunication services	Telecommunication Services	1.63%
capital goodsAgricultural Machinery0.159utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219		Semiconductor Design and Manufacturing	1.92%
utilitiesWater Utilities0.059diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	software & services	Internet Software and Services	1.65%
diversified financialsConsumer Finance0.509retailingRetail Apparel0.219	capital goods	Agricultural Machinery	0.15%
retailing Retail Apparel 0.219	utilities	Water Utilities	0.05%
	diversified financials	Consumer Finance	0.50%
real estate REITs 1.239	retailing	Retail Apparel	0.21%
	real estate	REITs	1.23%
software & services Data Processing 1.179	software & services	Data Processing	1.17%
utilities Multi-Utilities 1.619	utilities	Multi-Utilities	1.61%
automobiles & components Auto Parts 0.28%	automobiles & components	Auto Parts	0.28%
capital goods Industrial Machinery 0.469	capital goods	Industrial Machinery	0.46%
consumer durables & apparel Footwear 0.169	consumer durables & apparel	Footwear	0.16%
insurance Life and Health Insurance 0.529	insurance	Life and Health Insurance	0.52%

technology hardware & equipment	Technology Hardware	1.00%
utilities	Renewable Power Production	0.14%
food, beverage and tobacco	Packaged Foods	0.59%
insurance	Diversified Insurance Services	0.48%
banks	Thrifts and Mortgages	0.15%
materials	Metal and Glass Packaging	0.11%
pharmaceuticals, biotechnology & life sciences	Pharmaceuticals	1.50%
diversified financials	Investment Banking and Brokerage	0.66%
transportation	Highways and Railroads	0.09%
commercial & professional services	Facilities Maintenance	0.06%
banks	Diversified Banks	5.08%
diversified financials	Asset Management and Custody Services	0.59%
materials	Specialty Chemicals	0.39%
consumer services	Travel, Lodging and Amusement	0.22%
real estate	Diversified Real Estate	0.07%
diversified financials	Financial Exchanges and Data Services	0.67%
materials	Agricultural Chemicals	0.11%
software & services	IT Consulting	0.34%
real estate	Real Estate Development	0.05%
transportation	Airports	0.06%
households and personal products	Household Products	0.05%
food & staples retailing	Food Retail	0.42%
media & entertainment	Publishing	0.06%
insurance	Property and Casualty Insurance	0.32%
food & staples retailing	Drug Retail	0.03%
technology hardware & equipment	Communications Equipment	0.40%
materials	Construction Materials	0.15%
energy	Oil & Gas Storage and Transportation	0.17%
capital goods	Conglomerates	0.29%
healthcare equipment & services	Medical Supplies	0.23%
materials	Paper Packaging	0.07%
commercial & professional services	Research and Consulting	0.08%
consumer durables & apparel	Toys and Sporting Goods	0.01%
pharmaceuticals, biotechnology & life sciences	Biotechnology	0.42%
retailing	Online and Direct Marketing Retail	0.71%
automobiles & components	Automobiles	1.16%
food, beverage and tobacco	Agriculture	0.01%
media & entertainment	Movies and Entertainment	0.33%
retailing	Electronics Retail	0.01%
households and personal products	Personal Products	0.22%
pharmaceuticals, biotechnology & life sciences	Laboratory Equipment and Services	0.45%
banks	Development Banks	5.32%
software & services	Entertainment Software	0.10%
insurance	Insurance Brokers	0.15%
transportation	Rail Transport	0.51%
healthcare equipment & services	Medical Facilities	0.09%
capital goods	Heavy Machinery and Trucks	0.22%
food, beverage and tobacco	Soft Drinks	0.25%
technology hardware & equipment	Electronics Manufacturing	0.00%
		0.0070

commercial & professional services real estate	HR Services	0.14%
	Real Estate Management	0.04%
technology hardware & equipment	Technology Distribution	
consumer durables & apparel	Luxury Apparel	0.31%
materials	Commodity Chemicals	0.11%
retailing	Automotive Retail	0.10%
utilities	Gas Utilities	0.08%
transportation	Trucking	0.05%
materials	Diversified Metals Mining	0.14%
healthcare equipment & services	Medical Services	0.14%
healthcare equipment & services	Managed Health Care	0.36%
retailing	Department Stores	0.07%
materials	Diversified Chemicals	0.08%
energy	Integrated Oil & Gas	0.05%
energy	Oil & Gas Equipment	0.08%
commercial & professional services	Security Services and Correctional Facilities	0.01%
automobiles & components	Tires	0.10%
materials	Steel	0.04%
utilities	Electric Utilities	1.32%
semiconductors & semiconductor equipment	Semiconductor Equipment	0.54%
consumer services	Casinos and Gaming	0.03%
insurance	Reinsurance	0.06%
media & entertainment	Advertising	0.07%
food & staples retailing	Food Distribution	0.02%
retailing	Distribution	0.06%
retailing	Home Improvement Retail	0.19%
commercial & professional services	Business Support Services	0.19%
consumer durables & apparel	Homebuilding	0.05%
media & entertainment	Broadcasting	0.08%
retailing	Specialty Retail	0.11%
food, beverage and tobacco	Beer, Wine and Spirits	0.08%
diversified financials	Multi-Sector Holdings	0.03%
consumer durables & apparel	Home Appliances	0.06%
commercial & professional services	Commercial Printing	0.00%
materials	Precious Metals Mining	0.01%
transportation	Marine Ports	0.02%
transportation	Air Freight and Logistics	0.20%
energy	Oil & Gas Exploration and Production	0.03%
media & entertainment	Cable and Satellite	0.20%
utilities	Independent Power Production and Traders	0.08%
materials	Paper and Pulp	0.07%
transportation	Shipping	0.06%
consumer durables & apparel	Home Improvement	0.02%
materials	Aluminum	0.04%
consumer durables & apparel	Consumer Electronics	0.09%
Gov Bonds	Gov Bonds	29.53%
consumer services	Consumer Services	0.09%
automobiles & components	Motorcycles	0.01%
capital goods	Aerospace and Defence	0.04%
		0.0470

Transitional activities are

activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

materials	Gold	0.07%
materials	Industrial Gases	0.15%
healthcare equipment & services	Health Care IT Services	0.02%
materials	Forestry	0.01%
energy	Oil & Gas Refining and Marketing	0.03%
diversified financials	Mortgage REITs	0.00%
consumer durables & apparel	Textiles	0.00%
real estate	Real Estate Services	0.11%

For the following exposures, economic sectors were not applicable and therefore not included in the table above: for 17.56% of investments. The information in this section is based on the Financial product's investments as at 31 December 2024.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The proportion of investments of the whole Financial product in economic activities aligned with the EU taxonomy regulation was

\$placeholder{sustainable_investments_eu_taxonomy_aligned_%}. The proportion of investments for each of the environmental objectives defined in the EU taxonomy was as follows:

- (a) climate change mitigation: 11.96%
- (b) climate change adaptation: 11.96%
- (c) the sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources: 0%
- (d) the transition to a circular economy: 0%
- (e) pollution prevention and control: 0%
- (f) the protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems: 0%

Figures below 0.50% have been rounded to 0%.

The disclosed figures, in line with the regulatory guidelines, mean that the Financial product has not been able to collect reliable and complete information about the proportion of taxonomy alignment of the investee companies. Quintet decided not to rely in its disclosures of taxonomy alignment on equivalent information based on complementary assessments and estimates. This is because at this moment in time, a significant degree of estimation would be needed, which would hamper the objective of producing a prudent outcome of such equivalent information.

Furthermore, these figures do not consider any taxonomy alignment information disclosed by funds that the Financial product invested in, as the Financial product is not able to determine at this point in time if such disclosures meet the regulatory equivalent information requirements.

Compliance of the Financial product with the requirements of the EU Taxonomy was not subject to assurance provided by an external auditor.

The Financial product had an exposure of 29.53% to sovereign issuers. The reason for these sovereign exposures is related to risk and diversification considerations. For these sovereign exposures, it was not possible to assess the extent to which they contribute to environmentally sustainable economic activities.

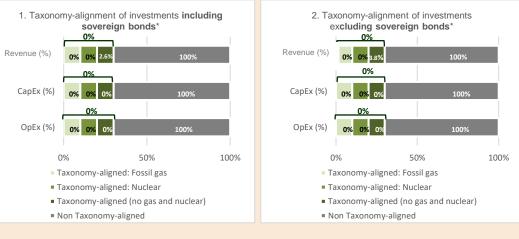
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

- Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy¹?
 - Yes In fossil gas In nuclear energy X No

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



This graph represents 82.44%% of the total investments

* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

The share of investments made in transitional activities during the reference period was 0%.

The share of investments made in enabling activities during the reference period was 0%.

Figures below 0.50% have been rounded to 0%.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

2023	2024
0 %	2.66%

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies.
- capital
 expenditure
 (CapEx) showing
 the green
 investments made
 by investee
 companies, e.g. for
 a transition to a
 green economy.

 operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The share of sustainable investments with an environmental target that are not aligned with the EU taxonomy was 33.57%.

Where investments were made in funds, the percentages of sustainable investments and its subcategories, "Taxonomy-aligned", "Other environmental" and "Social" disclosed by these funds were used in the calculations. Where such disclosures were not yet available at the time this document was created, the minimum commitment that these funds disclosed in their pre-contractual disclosures was used as a conservative estimation to calculate the Financial product's asset allocation percentages. Where funds did not disclose any minimum commitments a percentage of 0 was assumed for the respective categories. Since for some funds the only information available was on the percentage of overall sustainable investments but not on its sub-categories, the sum of the sub-categories is lower than the percentage of overall sustainable investments.

The Financial product made sustainable investments in economic activities that are not aligned with the taxonomy as the Financial product aimed to make sustainable investments related to environmental objectives without specifically striving to make investments aligned with the EU taxonomy.

What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The share of sustainable investments with a social objective was 6.63%.

Where investments were made in funds, the percentages of sustainable investments and its subcategories, "Taxonomy-aligned", "Other environmental" and "Social" disclosed by these funds were used in the calculations. Where such disclosures were not yet available at the time this document was created, the minimum commitment that these funds disclosed in their pre-contractual disclosures was used as a conservative estimation to calculate the Financial product's asset allocation percentages. Where funds did not disclose any minimum commitments a percentage of 0 was assumed for the respective categories. Since for some funds the only information available was on the percentage of overall sustainable investments but not on its sub-categories, the sum of the sub-categories is lower than the percentage of overall sustainable investments.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Investments included in the "#2 Other" category, i.e. 4.23%, were related to ancillary cash. They also included funds held for diversification purposes (including ETCs and ETFs) that were not aligned with the environmental and social characteristics of the Financial product. For example, funds with a strategy to invest in sovereign bonds comply under Article 6 of the SFDR and ETC fall into this category. There were no minimum environmental or social safeguards for these investments.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

When the Financial product invested in individual lines, companies had to adhere to

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852 good governance practices. This was assessed at the level of each company, for which the Financial product used specialized external data and research. When the Financial product invested in funds, those funds should have, to the extent possible and feasible, a policy of evaluating and ensuring good governance practices. Where this was not the case, the companies in which these funds invested were analyzed.

The actions taken during the reporting period were as follows:

• Single lines were selected and checked for alignment with the environmental and social characteristics of the Financial product;

• Funds were selected based on their alignment with the environmental and social characteristics of the Financial product and engagements with fund managers took place to monitor their adherence to their funds' policies;

• In addition, for individual lines, commitments were made in areas, directly and indirectly, related to the environmental and social characteristics of the financial product, such as climate change, human rights and labour rights.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark? Not applicable.

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark? Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?`
 Not applicable.

Reference

benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.